## BÀI TẬP TIẾNG ANH LỚP 9

Name: .Class 9....

## Test 1

PART A. GRAMMAR - VOCABULARY - LANGUAGE FUNCTIONS
I. Choose the best option (A, B or C) to complete each sentence below ( 3.0 points)

1. He wasn't very hungry, $\qquad$ he still ate a lot of bread.
A. so
B. but
C. and
2. He drives very $\qquad$ and has got two accidents this year.
A. safely
B. carefully
C. carelessly
3. Your father seldom drinks wine, $\qquad$ ?
A. doesn't he
B. doesn't your father
C. does he
4. If you want to improve your English, I suggest that you $\qquad$ some reading every day.
A. to do
B. should do
C. doing
5. Please $\qquad$ my dog when I am away. Thank you.
A. look after
B. look for
C. look up
6. My father $\qquad$ football when he was young.
A. used to play
B. used to playing
C. use to play
7. She looks so $\qquad$ in her new blue dress.
A. fashion
B. fashionable
C. fashionably
8. The doctor $\qquad$ me not to eat candy at night.
A. said
B. suggested
C. advised
9. Do you mind if I turn $\qquad$ the T.V? I want to watch the news.
A. off
B. down
C. on
10. What $\qquad$ of learning English do you find most difficult?
A. aspect
B. level
C. reason
11. Mai: I suggest going on a picnic on the other side of the river.

- Hoa: $\qquad$ -.
A. Have a good trip.
B. Great idea.
C. Congratulations.

12. The students are looking forward to $\qquad$ the result of the final examination.
A. be received
B. receive
C. receiving
13. Peter: Sorry! I can't play volleyball with you. - Tom: $\qquad$ .
A. What a pity!
B. I'm sorry, I'm late.
C. I suppose so.
14. " Where shall we go for our holiday?" - ". $\qquad$ ."
A. What about Sydney?
B. Good idea
C. for three days
15. Jean cloth $\qquad$ from cotton in the $18^{\text {th }}$ century.
A. made
B. is made
C. was made

## II. Choose the underlined word or phrase in each sentence below that needs correcting (1.0 point)

16. When she was on holiday last summer, she goes to the beach every day.
A B
C
D
17. It's difficult to finding accommodation at busy time in Da Lat.
A B
C
$\frac{\text { in }}{\mathrm{D}}$ Lat.
18. Lan $\frac{\text { told me }}{\mathrm{A}}$ that she would visit $\frac{\text { me }}{\mathrm{B}} \frac{\text { tomorrow. }}{\mathrm{D}}$.
19. Quoc Tu Giam is $\frac{\text { know }}{\mathrm{B}}$ as the $\frac{\text { symbol }}{\mathrm{C}} \frac{\text { of }}{\mathrm{D}}$ knowledge.


$$
\mathrm{A} \quad \mathrm{~B} \quad \overline{\mathrm{D}}
$$

## PART B: READING

I. Which notice says this? Write the letters (A-H) next to the numbers (21-25). ( $\mathbf{1 . 0} \mathbf{~ p t}$ )
21. If you want to do something special for your child's birthday, call this number.
22. This company can take you to catch your plane at any time.
23. If you need to buy something to wear, this may be the cheapest place to look.
24. This restaurant always has special meals for children.
25. If you need to know about the traffic, you can call this number.

II. Read the following passage, then choose $A, B, C$ or $D$ to complete the following passage (1.0pt)

Singapore is an island city of about three million people. It's a beautiful (26) $\qquad$ with lots of parks and open spaces. It's also a very clean city.

Most of the people live in high-rise flats in different parts of the island. The business district is very modern with (27) $\qquad$ of high new office buildings. Singapore also has some nice older sections. In China town, there are rows of old shop houses. The Government buildings in Singapore are very (28) $\qquad$ and date from the colonial days.
Singapore is famous (29) $\qquad$ its shops and restaurants. There are many good shopping centers. Most of the goods are duty free. Singapore's restaurants (30) $\qquad$ Chinese, Indian, Malay and European food, and the price are quite reasonable.
26. A. city
B. town
C. district
27. A. lot
B. lots
C. many
28. A. beauty
B. beautiful
C. beautifully
29. A. in
B. on
C. for
30. A. sell
B. selling
C. sell s
III. Read the following passage then choose the best answer A, B or C (1,0pt)

I was born in Ha Noi, the capital of Viet Nam. Ha Noi is famous for its natural beauty, with lots of rivers and lakes. There are many historical places to visit in Ha Noi. The Literature Temple (Van Mieu - Quoc Tu Giam) is the country's first ever historical university. Teenagers often come here to pray for high results in their upcoming examinations. As Viet Nam is a Buddhism-oriented nation, its capital has also been the centre of Buddhism for centuries. In Ha Noi alone, there are about 600 temples and pagodas. It also has a big church in the city centre, a popular place for the few Christians living here. With a population of nearly eight million, the city is quite crowded. However, the public transportation is not adequate, so visitors find it hard to safely cross the roads. The city is packed with universities and enterprises, making it the top destination for higher education students and labour workers. Many people from rural areas reside in Ha Noi so that they can get well paid jobs. This makes the city become more crowded than ever before.
31. What is the passage about?
A. a city
B. changes in a city
C. a city in the past
32. What does "pray for" means?
A. pass
B. like
C. wish
33. What is the most popular religion in Ha Noi?
A. Buddhism
B. Christianity
C. both A and B
34. What does "adequate" mean?
A. much
B. abundant
C. satisfactory
35. Which among this is NOT mentioned about Ha Noi?
A. natural features
B. nightlife
C. infrastructure

## PART C: WRITING

I. Finish each of the following sentences in such a way that it means exactly the same as the sentence printed before it ( $1.0 \mathbf{p t}$ ):
36. People use computers in all corners of the world
$\Rightarrow$ Computers
37. "Shall we meet at the school gate?" Peter said
$\Rightarrow$ Peter suggested
38. My sister started learning French 2 months
$\Rightarrow$ My sister has
39. How long have you bought this car?
$\Rightarrow$ When did
40. Mai is very good at playing the piano.
$\Rightarrow$ Mai plays
II.Write a paragraph about 100 - $\mathbf{1 2 0}$ words on benefits of learning English based on the given words ( 2.0 pts )

| Students in secondary school should learn English. |
| :--- |
| Learning English: |
| - is very useful because it is the language of international business, research and science |
| - gives student a chance to get a good job in the future because English is the most |
| popular language in the world. |
| - is very convenient when you are in another country alone you will never get lost if you |
| know English. |

$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Test 2

A. VOCABULARY + GRAMMAR + LANGUAGE FUNCTION

## I. Choose the best option A, B, or $\mathbf{C}$ to complete the sentences. ( $\mathbf{3 , 0} \mathbf{p t s}$ )

1. Plastic bags will cause pollution $\qquad$ they are very hard to dissolve.
A. so
B. but
C. because
2. My father tells me that Ha Noi is different $\qquad$ Kuala Lumpur.
A. from
B. in
C. with
3. These students take part in charity activities in their town, $\qquad$ ?
A. do they
B. don't they
C. did they
4. We are really $\qquad$ that people have spoiled this area.
A. happy
B. proud
C. disappointed
5.. What would you like to drink? - $\qquad$ .
A. Yes, please
B. Milk, please
C. No, thanks
5. My father suggests $\qquad$ a trip to the countryside on Saturday.
A.to have
B.had
C.having
6. If they $\qquad$ to the mountain next week, they will be able to skill.
A. will go
B. Are going
C go
7. My father $\qquad$ tennis a lot, but he doesn't play very often now.
A. used to play
B. Was playing
C. Is used to play
8. Why don't we have a look round the campus ? $\qquad$
A. yes, thanks
B. Yes, why not?
C. It's my pleasure.
9. The librarian asked us $\qquad$ so much noisy.
A. don't make
B. to not make
C. not to make
10. He wants to know $\qquad$ we will have the seminar at the Town Hall.
A. what
B. when
C. that
12.- 'Rita, I'd like $\qquad$ a friend of mine, Lucie."

- "Pleased to meet you, Lucre!"
A. to meet you
B. introduce you to
C. you to meet

13. The match takes place__ Saturday afternoon this week.
A. of
B. on
C. after
14. Minh asked me what he $\qquad$ do.
A. had to
B. will
C. can
15. I haven't seen him $\qquad$ 5 years .
A. for
B. since
C. until
II. Choose the underlined word or phrase (A, B, C or D ) that needs correcting. (1,0 pt)
16. Wy asked Dan that she would come to the meeting the following day.
A B
C
D
17. Since it is raining hardly, you had better not go out now.
A
B
C
D
18. What about use public bes instead of motorbikes to reduce exhaust fume.
A
B
C
D
19. If you will get here before eight, we $\frac{\text { can catch }}{\mathrm{A}} \frac{\text { the early train }}{\mathrm{D}}$
20. The children wish they $\frac{\text { can go }}{\mathrm{A}} \frac{\text { to }}{\mathrm{C}}$ Disneyland $\frac{\text { some day }}{\mathrm{D}}$.

## B. READING

I. Which notice (A-F) says this (1-5). (1,0 pt)
21. You can not have a cigarette here

A | We repair shoes quickly |
| :---: |
| $8 \mathrm{a} \cdot \mathrm{m}-5 \mathrm{p} \cdot \mathrm{m}$ |

22. This is broken
23. We work fast.
24. Not everyone can make a call from here.


G NO ANIMALS IN RESTAURANT
II. Read the passage. Choose the option A, B or C that best fits each gap. (1,0 pt)

The Director
L\&P Transport Company
79B Nguyen Hue Boulevard
Ho Chi Minn City
I'm writing about the short stop that your trucks (13) $\qquad$ around my house on their way to the north. When the trucks of your company have a short (14) $\qquad$ there, the drivers have left lots of garbage on the ground after their refreshment. When the trucks leave the place, the ground is (15) $\qquad$ of trash and a few minutes later there is bad smell and flies all over the place. I myself, (16) $\qquad$ the people living around here, would urge that your company
should tell your drivers to clean up all the trash on the ground before leaving. (17) you do something about it and soon, we will have to report this to the local authority. I am looking forward to hearing from you and (18) $\qquad$ positive response from your company.
26. A. produce
B. do
C. make
27. A. break
B. relax
C. advertise
28. A. crowded
B. full
C. fond
29. A. as long as
B. as far as
C. as well as
30. A. Although
B. Unless
C. Because
III. Read the passage carefully then choose the correct answer $A, B$ or $C$ for each question below. (1,0 pt)

The use of computer and the Internet allows people to work at home instead of traveling to work. For example, a journalist who lives in a remote part of the world still gets in his articles on time for the next day's newspaper allows businesses to communicate with customers and workers in any part of many world for the cost of a local telephone call.E. mail allows users to send documents, pictures and other data from one part of the world to another in minutes. The Internet is providing a lot of new business opportunities. Some businesses are advertising their products on the Internet. People can use the Internet to do shopping. This saves a lot of time. It is possible to use the Internet for education - students may connect with their teachers from home to send or receive e.mail or talk their problems through on-line rather than attend a class
31. The use of computer and the Internet allows people $\qquad$ .
A. to stay at home and rest
B. not to work
C. to work at home
32. The Internet is $\qquad$ to communicate with people around the world.
A.cheap way
B. an expensive way
C. an inconvenient way
33. Through the Internet, businesses can $\qquad$ .
A. buy goods from each other
B. advertise and sell their products
C. send their products to customers d. all are
34. It takes $\qquad$ to do the shopping on the Internet.
A. lot of time
B. a little time
C. less time
35. Which of the followings is true?
A. Thanks to the Internet, people do not need
B. mail can be used to moveruse new product
C. The Internet can be used for education

## C. WRITING

I. Complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first one. ( $1,5 \mathbf{p t}$ )
36. I'm sorry. I can't help you now.
$\rightarrow$ I wish
37. We started learning English four years ago.
$\rightarrow$ We have $\qquad$ .
38."What are you going to do this summer vacation?",My friend said to me
$=>$ My friend asked
39. They will build a new school next month.
$\rightarrow$ A new school
40. She won't visit her friend because she hasn't got time
$\rightarrow$ If she

## II. In about 120 - 150 words, write a passage giving your opinion about " The benifit of watching TV". You may use the suggestions below. ( $1,5 \mathrm{pt}$ )

- The TV as a source of information ( news, weather forecast, ect..)
- The TV as a source of entertainment( music, movies, ect..)
- The TV as a mean of education ( online school, online lesson ect..)
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$


## Test 3

A. VOCABULARY + GRAMMAR + LANGUAGE FUNCTION

## I. Choose the best option A, B, or $\mathbf{C}$ to complete the sentences. ( $\mathbf{3 , 0} \mathbf{p t s}$ )

1. This school__ ten years ago.
A. be built
B. is built
C. was built
2. While I $\qquad$ TV, my sister $\qquad$ to music.
A. was watching/ listening
B. watched/ listened
C. was watching/ was listening
3. I am not used $\qquad$ up early.
A. to getting
B. to get
C. getting
4. He drives very $\qquad$ and has got two accidents this year.
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { A. careless } & \text { B. carefully } & \text { C. carelessly }\end{array}$
5. They are looking forward $\qquad$ Tet holiday.
A. to have
B. to having
C. have
6. Hoa loves $\qquad$ to music on the radio.
A. listen
B. listening
C. listened
7. That man can tell us where $\qquad$ .
A. does John live
B. is John living
C. John lives
8. English is the $\qquad$ language on one- fifth of the land area of the world.
A. office
B. official
C. officer
9. When I saw him, he $\qquad$ a black suit.
A. wore
B. was wearing
C. wearing
10. The teacher told the boys to stop $\qquad$ .
A. to make
B. played
C. playing
11. He used $\qquad$ next to me in class.
A. to sit
B. sit
C. to sitting
12. He looks $\qquad$ today than yesterday.
A. good
B. well
C. better
13. Noone is interested in that film so much, $\qquad$ ?
A. are they
C. aren't they
C. is it
14. I think chatting on the internet is time.
A. consuming
B. consumer
C. consume
15. "Would you like to go to the band concert?"
"Thanks, but I $\qquad$ it already."
A. had seen
B. have been seeing C. have seen
II. Choose the underlined word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that needs correcting. (1,0 pt)
16. Why don't we sharing the cost of accommodation?
A
B
C
D
17. Unless we work harder, we will finish on time.
A B
C
D
18. She wanted to know how long did it take to get there.
A
B
C
D
19. She suggested having dinner and then go to the cinema.
A
B
C D
20. I'm usually right about the weather, amn't $\underline{I}$ ?
A
B
C D
B. READING
I. Which notice (A-G) says this (1-5). (1,0 pt)

| Column A | Column B |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 21. If you don't have a lot of money, you can buy this things. | A | BAKERY |
| 22. You should go to in this door. | B | ENTRANCE |
| 23. There are some bread in this shop. | C | Don't cut fowers here |
| 24. Don't make the noise in this area. | D | SAFE OFF WITH THESE SHOSES |
| 25. You can go there in the morrning. | E | Nha Trang SUPERMARKET Open daily 6:00 a.m. - 10:00 a.m. |
|  | F | KEEP SILENT IN CLASS |

## II. Read the passage. Choose the option A, B or C that best fits each gap. ( $1,0 \mathbf{p t}$ )

Television first (26) $\qquad$ some fifty years ago in the 1950s. Since then, it has been one of the most and the popular sources of (27) $\qquad$ for both the old and young. Television can actually satisfy almost all kinds of taste. It offers cartoons for children, world news, music and many other programs. If someone is interested in sports, (28) $\qquad$ , he can tune in to a sports channel. There he can enjoy a live broadcast of an international football match. Television is also a very useful way for companies to advertise their products. It's not (29) $\qquad$ hard for us to see why there is a TV set in almos every home today. And, engineers are developing interactive TV which allows to communicate (30) $\qquad$ viewers and producers.
26. A. appears
B. appeared
C. has appeared
27. A. entertain
B. entertaining
C. entertainment
28.A. for example
B. therefore
C. however
29. A. such
B. enough
C. too
30. A. from
B. between
C. with

## III. Read the passage carefully then choose the correct answer A, B or $\mathbf{C}$ for each question

 below. (1,0 pt)Every year people in many countries learn English. Some of them are young children. Others are teenagers. Many are adults. Some learn at school. Others study by themselves. A few learn English just by hearing the language in films, on television, in the office or among their friends. But not many are lucky enough to do that. Most people must work hard to learn English.

Why do all these people learn English? It's not difficult to answer this question. Many boys and girls learn English at school because it is one of their subjects. Many adults learn English because it is useful for their work. Teenagers often learn English for their higher studies because some of their books are in English at the college or university. Other people learn English because they want to read newspapers or magazines in English.
31. According to the writer,
A. only young people learn English.
B. English is useful only for university students.
C. English is popular all over the world.
32. Most people learn English by $\qquad$
A. working hard on the lessons
B. hearing the language on television
C. watching films
33. Many boys and girls learn English because $\qquad$
A. it's included in their study courses.
B. it's useful for their higher studies.
C. it's their own language. d. they are forced to learn it.
34. Many adults learn English
A. in order to be able to read newspapers in English
B. because it helps them in their work.
C. because of their higher studies.
35. Which of the followings is not mentioned?
A. English is widely used.
B. English is a compulsory subject.
C. English is difficult to learn
C. WRITING

## I. Complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first one. ( $1,5 \mathbf{~ p t}$ )

36. People have used the Internet all over the world.
=> The Internet has
37. He asked me " Where are you going?"
$=>$ He ask me $\qquad$
38.He is sorry .he doesn't speak English well.
=> He wishes $\qquad$
38. People should use bicycles for short journey.
=> Bicycles $\qquad$
39. I started learning English in 2000
=> I have
II. In about 120 - 150 words, write a letter of inquiry to a English class requesting for more information about courses and fees. You can use the following cues. ( $1,5 \mathbf{p t}$ )
Introduction: say how you know about this class( on TV, newspaper..)
Express your interest ( want to know more information)
Request: what kind of infomation you want
Conclusion: end with a polite closing
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
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$\qquad$
